

Appendix 4 – Covert Instructions for carers from pharmacist



This information should be included in the patient’s care plan and with the medicines administration record (MAR) sheet.

Practical points for care staff:

- ✓ Before administering medication covertly the patient should be encouraged to take it in the normal way
- ✓ Care home staff should be aware of personal preferences for administration through the care plan
- ✓ Pay particular attention to the pharmacist’s advice with regards to specific instructions for how each medicine should be given, including cautions such as temperature/types of food to avoid.
- ✓ In general, the medication(s) which are to be administered covertly should be mixed with the smallest volume of food or drink possible
- ✓ Try and add the medicine to the first mouthful of food so that the full dose is received
- ✓ The medication must be administered immediately after mixing it with food or drink.
- ✓ Consider the taste and other possible effects of the medicine, particularly if tablets are crushed or contents removed from capsules
- ✓ Different medicines should not be mixed together in food or drink as this cannot be quantified and also could be unsuitable to be mixed together
- ✓ Covert administration must be recorded on the MAR chart (e.g. sign and use a specific code if necessary)

Name of patient			
Date of birth		Location	

Medication:	Advice from pharmacist:	Resource(s) used:	Date:	Pharmacist signature:

Report to GP or an appropriate healthcare professional at next contact if:

- Covert administration results in a refusal to eat or drink
- It appears that the full dose of medication has not been taken (make a note on MAR chart)
- There appears to be a deterioration in the patient’s health and well being.