Best Practice in management of "when required" (prn) medication in care homes





Project implemented by Sharon Tansley Pharmacy Technician BCCG

DATA COLLECTED FROM CARE HOMES IN BEDFORDSHIRE		 Visits to care homes across the county to support medicines management has revealed considerable variation in the use PRN medication & the recording process. Lack of clarity around the purpose of the medications, the ways in which they are offered to patients and lack of clarity on what needs to be recorded. A continued lack of administration either due to not being offered or being declined.
73% of PRNS were not prescribed appropriately	Background	 Poor management of stock can result in significant waste, Poor clinical directions could potentially lead to overdosing A PRN medication with insufficient dosage instruction for regular administration of a PRN medication requested & is not questioned & can signify a clinical decline which needs to be reported to GP
75% of PRN were offered to patients		•Giving PRN medication regularly inappropriately when not requested by patient
with no explanation		 To identify capacity of patient to understand the need for the prn medication To identify inappropriate management of PRN medication
6.5% of PRNs were given as MDS		 To identify PRN medication with sufficient dosage instructions To ensure care plans include personalised prn instruction for each medication To check prn stocks & ordering processes to reduce waste & costs associated with inappropriate ordering.
73% of cases where PRNs were not	Objectives	•To check MAR sheets for medication which has not been administered in the last 3 months
administered were recorded inappropriately	Objectives	 To check MAR sheets for medication which is being given regularly every day To check how staff are recording offering & administration To check for the last date of review of clinical need
13% of drugs did not have available codes		 Having identified the issues the aim of the structured work is to support & implement appropriate changes To raise awareness of mental capacity assessments to determine capacity to understand
47% of PRN drugs were recommended to be removed		 the purpose of the medication To train staff in the best practice in managing prn medication. Develop guidelines in how to assess need the deal with apparent inappropriate declining of medication To engage surgeries to produce clear directions including maximum doses in24 hours as directed in NICE guidance To implement PRN recording templates or prn MAR sheets which include all necessary
31% of PRN meds are destroyed	Aims	 information personalised to the individual To ensure that staff are carrying forward unused PRN medication & that it is dispensed in original containers with expiry dates. Liaise with supplying pharmacy to remove from compliance aids
		PRN Drugs per BNF category (%)

Further work



A PRN flow chart to be used by both Prescribers & Care Home staff in order to rationalise the use of PRN medication in care homes.

An expiry date list for both opened & unopened creams to eliminate waste.

